Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

The appendix, which occupies the remaining half of the volume, is an especially convenient collection of materials comprising, inter alia, the Rules of Practice of the Federal Trade Commission, the text of the Federal Trade Commission Act, the Clayton Act, and related statutes, the report of the Senate committee leading to the passage of the statute, and memoranda of cases instituted by the United States under the anti-trust laws. The compilation is comprehensive and yet contains nothing which could be regarded as surplusage. The manual is certain to be of very practical assistance to the profession.

A. P. M.

THE EVOLUTION OF THE CIVIL LAW. By Charles Sumner Lobingier, Ph. D., LL. M. Published by the Author, 1915. pp. 105.

This little book consists of syllabi and material for thirty-three lectures on the history and system of the Roman Law. The volume is the outgrowth of the work of the author as professional lecturer on Civil Law in the University of the Philippines. The lecture material gives the more important matter for each lecture, with specific references to standard authorities. The book should prove a valuable and suggestive aid to any one giving a course on the Roman Law. On the basis presented, it is quite competent for a qualified person to develop a series of lectures. It might serve better for class use than one of the customary text-books.

The author has had large experience. Formerly Professor of Law in the University of Nebraska, Commissioner of the Nebraska Supreme Court, and Judge of the Court of First Instance in the Philippines, he is now Judge of the United States Court for China, and member of the Faculty of the Comparative Law School of China. He has done much writing on legal and sociological questions, his chief book being "The People's Law."

W. C. J.

TRUSTS, POOLS AND CORPORATIONS. Revised Edition. By Wm. Z. Ripley, Ph.D. Ginn & Company, 29 Beacon Street, Boston, Mass. 1916. pp. xxxiii, 872. $2.75.

Professor Ripley's first volume under this title was published in 1905, but the developments of the past ten years, particularly on the legal side, have compelled the preparation of a revised edition. The name of the editor suffices to attest the merit of the work.

This compilation is the result of an avowed attempt "to apply the case system, so successfully evolved in the Harvard Law School, to the study of economics." The trust problem lends itself readily to treatment by the case method. The subject is not too broad, and admits of a development extensive as well as intensive. Professor Ripley draws his material from all available sources, and, needless to remark, his selections are made advisedly. Scholarly